

# The Paducah Sun

VOL. IX. NO. 76.

PADUCAH, KENTUCKY, WEDNESDAY, APRIL 2, 1902.

10 CENTS PER WEEK.

## THE ALLIED PARTIES THESE LUCKY MEN

Meeting Began at Louisville This Afternoon at 2 O' clock.

Daring Attempt to Rob a Kentucky Bank Last Night but Robbers Were Routed

DEMOCRATIC HARMONY MEETING

### THE POP'S MEETING.

Louisville, Ky., April 2.—The delegates to the allied party are gathering in force and fully two hundred filled the lobby of the Willard hotel this morning. H. Gaylord Wilshire, the millionaire Socialist, has not yet arrived. He will probably reach the city this afternoon. There is a good sized delegation here from Illinois and at a meeting held this morning they declared opposition to the abandonment of the name of the Populist party and will so vote at the conference this afternoon. A discussion held by the national executive committee this morning as to the best means of selecting a nominee for president in 1904 was that an eastern man be chosen and it is understood that the name of a man not prominently identified with Populism was mentioned.

### DARING ATTEMPTED

#### BANK ROBBERY.

Shepherdsville, Ky., April 2.—A daring attempt was made last night to rob the bank at this place by three unknown persons. They were scared by Mr. J. B. Monroe who heard a noise and thought that some prisoners were trying to escape from jail. Mr. Monroe immediately investigated the matter and found everything quiet at the jail. He then noticed a man walking back and forth in front of the bank. A light was in the bank and two men were seen working at the safe.

Mr. Monroe opened fire on the guard. This brought the other robbers from the bank and a battle followed in which no one was injured, the burglars escaping. The sheriff and posse with bloodhounds started on the trail of the burglars.

### TO "HARMONIZE" PARTY.

New York, N. Y., April 2.—The board of governors of the Democratic club met last night and decided to have an at home Monday evening April 14 and to invite prominent Democrats of the country to attend. Among those invited are Ex-President Cleveland, William J. Bryan, William C. Whitney, David B. Hill, John G. Carlisle, Daniel S. Lamont, Senator Arthur Pue Gorman and all the Democratic senators and representatives in congress.

### GOV. BECKHAM

#### CANNOT ATTEND.

Frankfort, Ky., April 2.—Governor Beckham will not attend the Charleston exposition on Kentucky day, but will name some Kentuckian to attend on that day as his representative.

### GUARDING THE JAIL.

Vanceburg, Ky., April 2.—A heavy guard was stationed about the jail on account of threats to lynch Lawrence Hensley, who killed Mat Howard.

### HOUSE BOAT CATCHES FIRE

The South Side fire department was called to the shanty boat of Jim Weathers, white, a caulker, to extinguish a small blaze originating from a pot of boiling pitch with which he intended painting his roof. He had the pitch on a stove melting when it became too hot and caught fire. Little damage was done. The boat was moored a little above Ashbrook avenue.

A Big Deal in Which Paducah Men Clear a Neat Sum.

The Paducah Coal and Mining Company Sold—Deal Closed at New York Yesterday

MR. FRANK RIEKE MAKES \$100,000.

Messrs. W. F. Paxton and T. J. Flournoy returned this morning from New York, where Monday the deal for the property of the Paducah Coal and Mining company to a syndicate headed by Mr. Nevins was closed. The deal had been on for several months past, and several times had been reported closed, but the transfer was not made until Monday.

It is by far the most important and the biggest deal ever made involving local interests. The price paid for the stocks and bonds of the corporation was over \$400,000, which means a handsome profit to the stockholders. The stocks and bonds are simply turned over to the syndicate, which assumes control of the property at once.

The Paducah Coal and Mining company was incorporated in 1898, and the stockholders were: Messrs. Geo. C. Wallace, T. J. Flournoy, W. F. Paxton, George Rock, Ed Woolfolk, of Paducah, and Isaac Reese, of Memphis. The concern has been doing a good business, and some time ago the negotiations for its sale to the New York syndicate began.

Mr. Reese, who formerly resided here, had been working on it for several months past.

Mr. Frank Rieke, superintendent of the Paducah Ice company, is a very happy man today and there is no reason why he should not be, as he is richer by \$100,000 today than he was yesterday. Most men could afford to be happy under such circumstances.

In 1898 a friend of Mr. Rieke's in whom he had great confidence induced him to purchase some stock in a zinc mine at Joplin, Mo. There were three of them, one of whom is a prominent Cincinnati man, brother-in-law to a man prominent in Kentucky politics. They put in \$10,000 each and bought the stock.

It proved a rich thing, and yesterday the three gentlemen sold their holdings for \$300,000 to an eastern syndicate and each takes out \$100,000 in place of the \$10,000 he paid in.

The other two young men do not desire that their names be known, but Mr. Rieke will have the congratulations of a large number of friends here in his good luck.

### BELATED JOKE.

CHIEF WOOD WAITED UNTIL TODAY FOR HIS "AP. RIL FOOL."

Chief James Wood of the fire department is one of the few men who waited until today for his "April Fool." Yesterday the employees at the telephone exchange had a great deal of fun out of their friends playing pranks, and among their intended victims was Chief Wood. They telephoned him that Manager Joyner wanted to see him, but the call was simply laid on his desk by the fireman who received it, and the chief being out, he did not find it until this morning.

About 9 o'clock this morning he hastened to the office to find out what was wanted, and it turned out that the joke was on the embarrassed young ladies who had attempted the prank yesterday.



MISS ALICE HAY, WHO IS TO WED.

Miss Alice Hay, the second daughter of Secretary of State Hay, is to follow the example of her sister Helen and become a bride. The engagement of Miss Alice to Mr. James Wadsworth, Jr., has been announced. It is understood that Miss Hay's marriage to Mr. Wadsworth will, like that of her sister, take place at the Church of the Covenant and that there will be a large wedding party at the Hay residence on Lafayette square.

### A CERTAINTY

Vice President Harahan Says the Cairo Road is a Certainty.

Work Will Shortly Begin on it—I. C. Doesn't Bluff.

Vice President J. T. Harahan, who was in the city today from Chicago, was told that some people thought the talk of the Illinois Central's proposed road to Cairo was all a "bluff."

Mr. Harahan replied that the Illinois Central did not have to bluff and that the Cairo road is a certainty. He said that the statement might be given out as authority and official, and further that the road has been formally ordered by the board of directors of the Illinois Central, and will be built without delay.

### DIED IN LOUISIANA.

Miss Ella Brandon, a young lady who had visited in Paducah and was quite well known here, died a few days ago in Louisiana after a brief illness. Her home was in Natchez, Miss., and she was a year or two ago a guest of Miss Odie Puryear, of North Eighth street.

### WOMAN CUT.

Affray at Eleventh and Tennessee Streets This Morning.

Lydia Ozment Arrested for Maliciously Cutting Eunice Carroll.

There was a serious cutting affray at Eleventh and Tennessee streets this morning about 11:45 o'clock when Lydia Ozment cut Eunice Carroll in the right temple with a knife.

The fight occurred in the street and the Ozment woman used a small barlow knife stabbing her opponent three times and inflicting serious wounds. Officer R. V. Gossett put in a prompt appearance and arrested the one who did the cutting.

Both women are young the former being the wife of Ernest Ozment, a boy well known in police circles, now wanted for escaping from the chain gang. The fight created some little excitement in that locality and the difficulty was witnessed by several persons who happened to be passing at that time, and as is usual in such cases, no one could find out what it was about.

## MAYFIELD IS HAPPY NEW MOVE STARTED

The N. C. & St. L. Wants to Extend Its Line There.

Capitalists There are Very Jubilant over the Outlook for the Road's Being Built

NOTHING DEFINITE DONE YET

There is a prospect that Mayfield will get another railroad, a branch of the Nashville, Chattanooga and St. Louis. The Mayfield Mirror says: "There is correspondence going on now between local capitalists and the officials of the N. C. and St. L. railroad, toward building a line from Mayfield to the nearest branch of this road."

"Let the road be built by all means. Think of the advantage it would be to Mayfield as a manufacturing center. With the greatest county in the union, the best town in the state, and the entire Jackson Purchase to draw from, we could attract manufactories from a distance right away, besides the good it would be to the town right now—reducing freight rates on tobacco and goods manufactured here in our factories."

"An almost level track could be built from here to the nearest point of this road, with hardly any bridging to be done, and the cost would be very small, considering the cost of building other roads."

"Look out for the railroad, for when the capitalists of Mayfield set their heads to do anything, they most certainly accomplish it."

### FISCAL COURT.

This Morning a few Accounts Were Allowed

No Elections Yet Held—Tax Levy Comes Tomorrow

Little was done this morning at the meeting of fiscal court. Court convened early in the morning and the finance committee presented the regular county levy accounts amounting to a total of \$1,336.47, which were allowed.

The pauper accounts amounting to a total of \$1,179.33 were allowed. The next thing done during the morning session was the discussion of a claim from James W. Eaker, the former road supervisor.

Mr. Eaker while in the employ of the county as road supervisor was made a party in a suit to which there was attached a fee of \$50 for attorneys. This he wanted the county to pay as he claimed he was in the employ of the county and that he had been made a party in that capacity. The claim was not paid.

It is understood now that the county physician and the back tax collector will not be elected until tomorrow and that the magistrates will meet in caucus this afternoon to discuss the different candidates and matters pertaining to their election.

The only error found in the sinking fund in 1896, when the commissioner through mistake allotted only \$3,858 to the funding account from the receipts when it should have been \$4,058. This makes a discrepancy of \$1,419.72 that went to another account. The report was filed and Justice Barber allowed \$25 and Deputy County Clerk Hiram Smedley \$15 for their work.

Subscribe for The Sun.

Those Matrimonially Inclined Should Have Health

Certificate—Dr. Sanders Will Ask State Medical Society for Its Indorsement of His Recommendations.

WILL MEET HERE NEXT MAY

Paducah doctors have been very much interested in the proposed law to require of every person before marriage, both male and female, a certificate of good health, ever since an able paper read several weeks ago by Dr. Lillard Sanders before the Paducah Medical and Surgical society. It was so much liked that he will by request read it at the state meeting of the Medical Association here in May, and an effort will be made to induce the state association to indorse its recommendations, as the local society did.

The physicians say that they more than any one else are able to realize to their fullest extent the evils of allowing unhealthy people to marry, and are heartily in favor of a law to prevent it, such as the one in force in Germany, which has helped make such a sturdy, healthy race.

The doctors do not think that anything but a strict law, vigorously enforced, will remedy the growing evil that threatens future generations, and will from now on work hard to have the next legislature enact such a law in Kentucky. It is believed that the local medical society will encounter no difficulty in securing the indorsement of the state society, and then work will begin in various parts of the state, in order to create a popular sentiment in favor of it, and have the members of the next legislature, two years hence, impressed with the proposition's merits, and with the desire of the people to have such a law enacted.

### EVENING WEDDING.

MISS ANNE REED AND MR. RABB NOBLE TO MARRY THIS EVENING.

As has been previously announced, the marriage of Miss Anne Reed to Mr. Rabb Noble will take place at Grace Episcopal church this evening at nine o'clock. It is being looked forward to with great interest, and the church will be filled with the friends of the popular young couple. Both are of prominent families, and are too well known socially to need words of introduction.

The ceremony will be performed by Rector B. E. Reed, father of the bride, and Mr. Bransford Clarke, instead of Mr. M. P. McArdle, who cannot be here, will give her away.

The attendants are: Miss Mary Lee Clarke of Evansville, Ind., maid of honor; little Misses Dorothy Reed and Elizabeth Kirkland, sister and niece of the bride and groom, flower girls; Mr. Thomas Morton of Chicago, best man; and Messrs. William Rieke, Thomas Hall, Horace Shinn and Hughes McKnight, ushers.

The bride and her attendants will be charmingly gowned in white, and red is the prevailing color in the church decorations.

A reception will follow the ceremony at the bride's home.

### SMALL TOWN BURNED.

Roanoke, Va., April 2.—Word reaches here that the small town of Newport, Giles county, has been totally destroyed by fire, including two hotels and a number of dwellings. The town is five miles from a railroad and particulars have not been received.

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**HART'S REFRIGERATORS**  
Save the Stuff

THE ICEBERG Refrigerator always leads and never fails to please. It has stood the test of many summers.

It is made of kiln-dried hardwood lumber, golden oak finish, perfectly air-tight, water-proof charcoal lining that WILL NOT absorb moisture, which insures a perfect dead-air space. That alone preserves animal and vegetable substances. Prices from \$5.00 to \$23.50.

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Hardware and Stove Company.



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**CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS.**  
Hot Cough Syrup, Tastes Good. One  
in time. Sold by druggists.  
**CONSUMPTION**







## The Paducah Sun

AFTERNOON AND WEEKLY.

BY THE SUN PUBLISHING CO.  
(INCORPORATED.)

FRANK M. FISHER, President and Editor,  
EDWIN J. PAXTON, General Manager.

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WEDNESDAY, APRIL 3, 1902.

### DAILY THOUGHT.

The thought of the fullness and importance of life, the greatness of the work one has to do—to train ourselves for immortality should cause us to blush for the time lost, the energy wasted, in sighing and groaning over pin pricks, or in breaking our strength, like modern Don Quixotes, against windmills.

—Success.

### IS MR. BRYAN WORTH PERPETUAL DEFEAT? (Lexington Herald.)

We are not surprised at the attack of Mr. Bryan on Cleveland. It came rather sooner than we anticipated and it is more bitter than we expected. It strikes us as being too soon and too bitter. It is not wise either in its timeliness or tone. Mr. Bryan has believed since 1896 that he could not be renominated if there was a reunion of the Democratic party, and so from 1896 to 1900 he did all in his power to prevent the return of the sound money Democrats; he exhausted all his power to keep alive that unpleasant and unfortunate difference. He still remains under that conviction. He intends to control the convention of 1904 and either have himself nominated or select a nominee. If he believes there is any chance of election he will nominate himself; we are inclined to the opinion he will do this anyhow if he can. If there is no chance of election or if the convention hesitates to nominate him he will select the nominee. But he cannot control that convention unless he keeps out of the party those who did not support him in 1896. If there is a cordial, sincere, frank reunion of the party; if the east and the west and the south meet in the spirit of friendly and sincere conciliation for the purpose of finding a common ground upon which all can stand and of agreeing upon a nominee whom all can support, Mr. Bryan knows he will lose ownership of that convention. So he opens the batteries of his wrath and enmity on Mr. Cleveland and notifies all Bryanites that war on Cleveland and all who are supposed to agree with him must be fierce, unrelenting and savage. We do not mean that the attack is to be coarse or brutal—though the tone is below the dignity of one who has been the nominee of a great party and the language unbecoming the rules of debate; Mr. Bryan begins by losing sight of the courtesies and proprieties of political debate. But this is not of substance. The material part is the open declaration of perpetual war against all who did not support Mr. Bryan in 1896 and in 1900. These are to be kept out of the Democratic party; these are enemies to whom no quarter is to be shown. Mr. Cleveland is selected as the supposed type, the leader. In fact, Mr. Cleveland is not

either the type or leader of those who organized the Indianapolis convention. Mr. Cleveland gave no public sign of what his course would be until after that convention had met. Mr. Cleveland is not their leader. He is a strong, patriotic and esteemed citizen. But those who opposed Mr. Bryan in 1896 did not wait for him to speak and do not now wait for his leadership. But Mr. Bryan is under the impression that an attack on Cleveland will be accepted as an attack upon all who repudiated him.

It is two years until the convention; this attack will lose much of its force by that time. The thoughtful, conservative, patriotic Democrats who still believe that the Democratic party has some higher object than to nominate Mr. Bryan for defeat will consider this bitter, unrelenting spirit of selfish malignity and gravely debate whether Mr. Bryan is necessary; whether indeed he owns the party; whether his nomination is worth the continual, permanent and destructive division of their party. All observant persons believe it will be Bryan and defeat, and his attack will excite questioning—"Is Mr. Bryan worth perpetual defeat?"

The grocers in Paducah who so courteously and promptly offered and agreed to co-operate with Prot. Allen in the matter of promoting the sale of pure food deserve great credit. In some cities, instead of doing as the Paducah grocers have done, a number of them organized for the purpose of fighting the pure food laws. This indicates that there is a great deal of profit in the sale of adulterants, and that some men are mean and avaricious enough to want to fill their pockets at the sacrifice of the health of innocent people. This is true because there is no doubt but that many impure and villainous compounds are unhesitatingly sold to unsuspecting people daily for genuine or harmless articles. There are on the market many cheap and injurious articles that pass for other things, and by these the lives of infants as well as invalid adults and others are jeopardized. It is impossible to determine just how many deaths or attacks of illness might be traced to the consumption of impure foods, if people paid more attention to such things. The average person has to take a thing for what it appears to be, but the critical and skillful chemist can tell at a glance the ingredients, and the people have to depend on these experts to tell them what is pure and what injurious. The pure food law in Paducah is to be followed out to the letter, and it is largely due to the interest the retail grocers are taking in it.

The manufacturers of the country are now importing more than a million dollars' worth of materials for their workshops every day in the year, and are exporting more than a million dollars' worth of their finished product each day. The imports of manufacturers' materials in the eight months ending with February, 1902, were, according to a statement just issued by the treasury bureau of statistics, \$270,202,774, and the export of finished products during the same period were \$257,907,430. Thus in 243 days of the fiscal year the manufacturers have imported 270 million dollars' worth of material and exported 257 million dollars' worth of their finished product, thus averaging more than \$1,000,000 of both imports and exports for every day of the fiscal year up to the beginning of the present month. The importation of manufacturers' materials has been greater in the eight months just ended than in the corresponding period of any preceding year. On the export side of the account manufacturers are showing an improved record. The bureau of statistics reports of exports of manufactures during both January and February show a decided increase over the corresponding months of 1901, the gain in the months in question being more than eight million dollars over the same months of the preceding year.

The city is about to select the gravel for use on the streets during the year, and past experience should teach

the worthy members of the general council that no penny-wise-pound-foolish policy should be followed. The gravel used in street repair in Paducah should be the best possible to get in this section. The price is a secondary consideration. The cheap gravel has been tried for several years past. It looks as if past councils have tried every kind of worthless gravel they could find, and only a small quantity of good gravel has ever been used. The inferior gravel is soon converted into either dust or mud, and money invested in that kind of material is wasted. The streets are always a source of endless complaint. The Sun does not desire to boom anybody's gravel, nor to abuse anybody's gravel, but for the good of Paducah and the people who have to put up with the dust in summer and the mud in winter, it insists that only the best gravel be bought for our streets. It is acknowledged that gentlemen with inferior gravel to sell have a strong "pull" with the administration, and the administration probably owes them a debt of gratitude, but they ought to be made to sell it elsewhere. Paducah has had her fill of it.

The cow question is like Banquo's ghost. It is hoped by the best people of Paducah that the members of the Civic Federation will succeed in keeping the cows off of the streets. There is no objection to people owning as many cows as they desire, so they keep them up. The public does not desire to look at them, nor to have their yards devastated by them. There is now a general council, instead of a common council, and it is possible that with the new members the cow question may be settled in an entirely different manner from what it was the last time.

Former Secretary of the Treasury John G. Carlisle has given out an opinion that young Governor Beckham is not eligible to hold the position of governor after his present term expires. If he isn't eligible, this removes his only qualification.

People would like to have flowers this year, but how can they with the streets full of cows? Suppose somebody else's cow should get into Councilman Joe Potter's tater patch? We'd like to know how he'd like that.

The benighted as well as bewhiskered gents who are meeting this week in Louisville to save the Populist party are taking a sight of trouble and going pretty far for nothing.

There may be a few who do not like Mayor Yeiser's appointments, but he is certainly giving a good many fellows a show, even if they are early quitters.

We should like to ask when the street roller is going to be restored to grace. It has had rest enough.

The peaches that were killed a few weeks ago by the sleet are beginning to bloom.

That pure food fellow seems to have missed the water.

### POTATO DAY AT BENTON.

Tomorrow will be "Tater Day" in Benton, the day all the farmers bring in their seed potatoes. This is always a big day in Benton, and dozens of wagon loads of "taters" are brought in. This occurs every spring.

### METEOR SETS SAIL.

New York, April 2.—The German emperor's American-built yacht Meteor III. sailed for Southampton yesterday. She passed Quarantine at 1:32 p. m. outward bound.

### ASSIGNMENT IN MAYFIELD.

Mayfield, April 2.—W. D. Foster, the jeweler, stationer and notion dealer, has made an assignment to R. E. Johnson, with liabilities amounting to about \$1,600; assets \$700.

### VICE PRESIDENT

### HARAHAN HERE.

Mr. J. T. Harahan, second vice president of the I. C. road, of Chicago, passed through the city at noon today en route to Louisville from the South. He remained in Paducah a short time.

## NO PROTEST.

The Projectors of the P. C. & N. W. R. R. Have Not Objected.

The Proposed Route of the Illinois Central Would Cause No Inconvenience.

The published report that a protest had been read or offered by the projectors of the P. C. and N. W. railroad to the lower board of the council at its meeting Monday night was an error, as no such protest was mentioned by anyone. After having asked for and been granted the right of way along the same street, several blocks of which are now occupied by a track of the I. C. railroad, and without protest from that company, it would be strikingly inconsistent for them to file objections to a grant to the I. C. railroad to parallel their proposed line on several other blocks, continuing the same double track conditions toward the city limits and through an unimproved section within the city boundaries. The only concession asked of the city by the I. C. railroad company is to commence at the terminus of their present right of way near the end of Ninth street and continue in the direct line of what would be Ninth street if extended to the city limits. In doing this they will cross three intersecting streets and some ground reserved in deeds for the purpose of extending the street in the future. In the main private ground will be crossed, the rights for which must be acquired from owners. No route could be selected for the entrance of the I. C. railroad into the city with its Cairo line which would cause less inconvenience to public or private interests nor one which would open a better section for industrial locations. Members of the Commercial club and other enterprising citizens who have interested themselves in trying to find suitable sites for manufacturing plants, will readily realize this. What the I. C. railroad company asks from the city is very little indeed compared with the important advantages they hope to afford the community in all its material interests.

## SOME SIGN UP

It is Likely That a Hard Fight is yet To Be Made.

One Contractor Signed up This Morning—  
What Each Has To Say

Mr. Henry Simpson, one of the carpenter contractors, today signed the agreement submitted by the members of the carpenter's union, and his men returned to work. The contractors who belong to the Builders' Association, it is understood, had agreed not to sign, and this will relieve him of membership in the association.

It seems that some of the smaller contractors are weakening, but it is the larger ones principally that the union men are after. One of the contractors stated this morning that this afternoon they will put non-union men on their jobs. In case the members of other unions refuse to work with them it is understood the contractors of other trades who are members of the Building Association will bring non-union men here and employ them exclusively hereafter in all work, in which event the carpenters and others claim they will go to contracting themselves, and will be able to underbid the other contractors by knocking off the contractors' profits, and taking a job simply for the work there is in it.

It is still difficult to predict where it will all end. Most of the building in the city has stopped until some settlement is reached.

—The W. C. T. U. will meet tomorrow afternoon at 3 o'clock with Mrs. J. M. Gilbert, 506 North Seventh street. All members are urged to be present.

## FANCY NOVELTIES

Beautiful Assortment  
..In New Neckwear..

Fancy-colored linen finished stock and tie, 25c.  
Creme de chine ties, all colors, 50c to \$1.  
Henstitched silk ties, with stock, 50c.  
Fancy tulle bows, 25c and 50c.  
Embroidered linen turnovers, 25c.  
White embroidered turnovers, 10c and 25c.  
SASH PINS—All the new styles and shapes in these  
brooches, 25c, 50c and 98c.

### KID GLOVES—

The best glove to be bought for one dollar, in all shades and black.  
Also a fine assortment of colors in our splendid \$1.50 gloves.

## NEW HOSIERY

A Beautiful Line of Fancy Hosiery in Spring Shades.  
Ladies' fancy drop stitch hose in good colors, 25c and 39c per pair.  
Beautiful line of hose in stylish shades and patterns, 50c per pair.  
Elaborate hose in swell shades, 75c, 85c to \$1.50 per pair.  
Children's hose in red, blue, pink and white, all sizes, 25c per pair.  
Children's fancy lace stripe socks—lisle, 25c per pair—silk 59c per pair.

## NEW WASH WAISTS

We are showing a beautiful line of white shirt waists made of fine sheer linen, elaborately trimmed in embroidery bands, lace insertion and all over embroidery, from \$1.00 to \$3.98.

### RIBBONS—

We have just received our new line of ribbons in moire, taffeta, Liberty, etc., in all shades and widths.

### REMNANT SALE—

Don't miss it. Some splendid values we have in store for this week on our remnant counter. Short lengths in silk, wool dress goods, ginghams, madras, etc.

## DRAPERIES

Our upholstery department is full of the season's choicest productions in lace curtains, portieres, rope curtains, table covers, sash nets, etc.

We know that we can save you money on your purchases in this line, and will show you the largest assortment to choose from.

### LACE CURTAINS—

75c for 42 inch 3-yard curtain, worth \$1.00.  
98c for 48 inch 3 1/2-yard curtain, worth \$1.35.  
\$1.50 for 54 inch 3 1/2-yard curtain, worth \$2.00.  
\$5.00 for 54 inch 3 1/2-yard curtain, worth \$3.00.  
\$2.50 for 60 inch 3 1/2-yard curtain, worth \$3.50.

### ROPE CURTAINS—

New styles and colors at \$2.98, \$3.50, \$4.25 and up to \$6.50.  
Full line of tapestry portiers at \$2.50, \$3.50, \$4.50 and up to \$12.00.

OUR  
\$3.50  
SHOES

WON, SIR!

If you want a Shoe that looks as well, fits as well, and will wear as well as any Sho made, no matter what the price—buy a pair of ours at \$3.50. Our reputation should give you

fullest confidence in every stated fact. The leathers used in these shoes are of best quality. The soles are of best oak tanned leather. The making, style and finish are also the best. In many stores they have no equal under \$5. So the man looking for Shoe worth and Shoe economy could not do better than to stop right here at our \$3.50 mark. Why do we sell \$4.00 Shoes? Why? Because the people want them. One does not look better than the other, nor will it wear better, yet the \$4.00 Shoe is finer to the extent of 50c. The quality is supreme and the workmanship the very best obtainable. But try our \$3.50 Shoes.

Rudy, Phillips & Co.,  
THE SHOERS



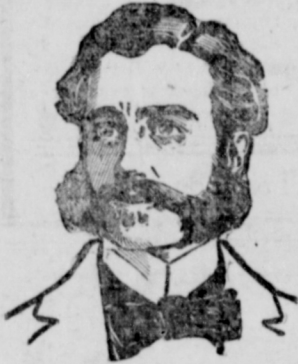
## SICK MADE WELL WEAK MADE STRONG

Marvelous Elixir of Life Discovered  
by Famous Doctor-Scientist That  
Cures Every Known Ailment.

Wonderful Cures Are Effected That Seem  
Like Miracles Performed—The Secret  
of Long Life of Olden Times  
Revived.

THE REMEDY IS FREE TO ALL WHO  
SEND NAME AND ADDRESS.

After years of patient study and  
delving into the dusty record of the  
past, as well as following modern ex-  
periments in the realms of medical  
science, Dr. James W. Kidd, 2431  
BALTES BUILDING, Fort  
Wayne, Ind., makes the startling  
announcement that he has surely dis-



DR. JAMES WILLIAM KIDD.

covered the elixir of life. That he is  
able with the aid of a mysterious  
compound, known only to himself,  
produced as a result of the years he  
has spent in searching for this pre-  
cious life-giving boon, to cure any  
and every disease that is known to the hu-  
man body. There is no doubt of the  
doctor's earnestness in making his  
claim, and the remarkable cures that  
he is daily effecting seem to bear him  
out very strongly. His theory which  
he advances is one of reason and based  
on sound experience in a medical  
practice of many years. It costs nothing  
to try his remarkable "Elixir of  
Life," as he calls it, for he sends it  
free to any one who is a sufferer, in  
sufficient quantities to convince of its  
ability to cure, so there is absolutely  
no risk to run. Some of the cures  
cited are very remarkable, and but for  
reliable witnesses would hardly be  
credited. The lame have thrown  
away crutches and walked about after  
two or three trials of the remedy. The  
sick, given up by home doctors, have  
been restored to their families and  
friends in perfect health. Rheuma-  
tism, neuralgia, stomach, heart, liver,  
kidney, blood and skin diseases  
and bladder troubles disappear as by  
magic. Headaches, backaches, nerv-  
ousness, fevers, consumption, coughs,  
colds, asthma, catarrh, bronchitis and  
all affections of the throat, lungs, or  
any vital organs are easily overcome  
in a space of time that is simply mar-  
velous.

Partial paralysis, locomotor ataxia,  
dropsy, gout, scrofula and piles are  
quickly and permanently removed. It  
purifies the entire system, blood and  
tissues, restores normal nerve power,  
circulation and a state of perfect  
health is produced at once. To the  
doctor all systems are alike, and equal-  
ity affected by this great "Elixir of  
Life." Send for the remedy today. It  
is free to every sufferer. State what  
you want to be cured of, and the sure  
remedy for it will be sent you free by  
return mail.

### THE CHICAGO ELECTION.

Chicago, April 2—The Republicans  
and Democrats each made a gain of  
one alderman in the city election held  
yesterday. The new council will con-  
sist of thirty-nine Republicans, thirty  
Democrats and one Independent. The  
old council consisted of thirty-eight  
Republicans, twenty-nine Democrats  
and three Independents.

## FIRE IN LOUISVILLE

Several Fine Buildings There are  
Threatened With Loss

British Soldiers Killed in a Wreck—  
Thirty Tennessee Miners  
Dead

### THE FLOOD DAMAGE IN TENNESSEE

#### BIG FIRE IN LOUISVILLE.

Louisville, Ky., April 1—Fire of  
unknown origin broke out in one of  
the three buildings occupied by the  
Peaslee Gaulbert Co. at Fifteenth  
and Portland avenue at noon today.  
Four alarms were sounded and all the  
fire fighting apparatus in the city are  
fighting it. The blaze is in the center  
of a large manufacturing district,  
and there seems little hope of saving  
any of the three buildings at this  
hour, as they are in the center of the  
manufacturing district, and the fire  
itself is in a building filled with  
paints, benzine, oils and other inflam-  
mable materials. No lives have thus  
far been reported lost.

#### MORE BRITISH KILLED.

Pretoria, April 1—Twenty-nine  
British soldiers were killed and 45  
injured in a railroad wreck March 30  
near Berberton, Transvaal Colony.  
The report received at the war office,  
London, merely says that the victims  
nearly all belonged to the Hampshire  
regiment, and the wreck was acciden-  
tal.

#### TWENTY-NINE KILLED IN EXPLOSION.

Chattanooga, Tenn., April 1—A  
special from Dayton, Tenn., this  
morning gives the details of an explo-  
sion which occurred in Nelson mine of  
the Dayton Coal and Iron company  
yesterday afternoon. The explosion  
was the result of firing a shot, and the  
dead number twenty-nine.

#### THE FLOOD DAMAGE.

Chattanooga, April 1—The flood  
damage in Shelby and Bedford coun-  
ties is estimated at from one and a half  
to two million dollars. Many houses  
went down in the current and hun-  
dreds of people are homeless.

#### WILL HEAR PROTESTS.

Frankfort, April 1—The state board  
of equalization will next Tuesday be-  
gin hearing the protests of representa-  
tives of counties whose assessments  
have been raised. The hearings will  
be by appellate districts, the counties  
of the First district to be heard first.  
The hearing of protests will consume  
about six weeks.

#### DOINGS OF CONGRESS.

Washington, April 1—The house  
today resumed consideration of the  
sundry appropriation bill with the  
general understanding that the debate  
which formally closed yesterday  
should be extended so as to permit  
Mr. Robinson, of Indiana, and Mr.  
Grove, of Pennsylvania, to address  
the house.

#### FORMER PRESIDENT DEAD.

Panama, April 1—A message re-  
ceived here which has been officially  
confirmed announces the death of  
former president Manuel San Clemente  
on March 19 at Villeta, a few miles  
from Bogota.

#### CAPTURED IN ILLINOIS.

Hopkinsville, Ky., [April 1.—Guy  
Reynolds of Hopkins county, indicted  
jointly with Jim Will Anderson for  
the murder of Deputy Sheriff Robert  
H. Coffey at Empire, was captured in  
Illinois and placed in jail here today.

#### THE BODY NOT FOUND.

Marshal Crow received a letter from  
W. B. Williams this morning regarding  
the drowning of Wheeler Williams at  
Seven Mile Island, Tennessee river,  
about 27 miles above the city on the  
28th of March. The young man  
jumped into the river and was  
drowned no trace of his body being  
found since. The father asks that  
river men keep a lookout for it.

## INJURIES FATAL.

Fireman Harry Hudson Died at Mem-  
phis Last Night.

The Remains Arrived in the City this  
Forenoon—Funeral Tomorrow.

Fireman Harry Hudson, of 1106  
Monroe street, who was injured in the  
wreck at Millington, Tenn., night  
before last by jumping from his en-  
gine, died last night at 10 o'clock at  
Memphis, where he was taken after  
the accident.

The news of the young man's death  
was received with surprise and regret  
by his many friends in the city, as it  
was thought from the reports of the  
affair that he was not badly injured.

The official reports, however, show  
that his head, breast and wrist were  
badly crushed, and he was evidently  
injured internally.

The remains reached the city today  
on the noon train, and were met by a  
delegation of Brotherhood of Loco-  
motive Firemen and Masons, of which  
he was a member.

The father of the deceased went to  
Memphis last night in response to a  
telegram announcing the precarious  
condition of his son, but arrived too  
late. The deceased was about 24 years  
old and unmarried, and leaves several  
brothers and sisters.

The funeral will take place at 2:30  
o'clock tomorrow afternoon; burial at  
Oak Grove.

## POLICE COURT.

AN INSURANCE CASE WAS TO-  
DAY DECIDED.

Henry Dicke, Alonzo Madden and  
John Madden were arraigned on a  
bench of the peace charge, and the  
former two fined \$5 each and the  
costs and the latter continued until  
Friday morning.

The case against Bud Henderson, col-  
ored, charged with breach of ordinance,  
was dismissed.

The case against Mary Jefferson,  
colored, the woman charged with  
running a disorderly house, was finally  
dismissed after it had been on the  
docket for two weeks. There were  
many witnesses examined but no proof  
against her could be gotten sufficient  
to convict. She is the woman in whose  
house the Murray woman was caught  
with a negro man.

In the breach of ordinance cases  
against J. D. O'Brien and J. W. Skel-  
ton and C. C. Anderson, the former  
was fined \$25 and the costs and the  
judgment suspended so that an appeal  
can be taken and the case settled in a  
higher court. The latter two men  
were dismissed but will take their case  
to the commissioners for an examina-  
tion to ascertain if there is an illegal-  
ity in their business. They are en-  
gaging in lodge work with an insur-  
ance clause.

Dr. I. B. Howell left today for  
Nashville, Tenn., to deliver a series of  
lectures at the University of Tennes-  
see, and will be absent from the city  
about a week. Dr. Howell is a mem-  
ber of the faculty of this famous uni-  
versity.

**Matil-Efinger  
and Company,**

**Undertakers  
and Embalmers.**

STORE PHONE 126,

RESIDENCE PHONE 163.

130 S. Third St.

## INSTANTLY KILLED

Jack Whalen Crushed Between Cars  
at Brookport Early This Morning

He Died Instantly—George Whitehouse an-  
other Railroad Man, Fatally  
Hurt

### WERE CRUSHED WHILE COUPLING CARS

A fatal accident occurred on the  
Illinois Central this morning at 6:40  
o'clock at Brookport, Ill., soon after  
the arrival of the St. Louis train,  
which reaches Paducah at 7:30 a. m.

Jack Whalen, a foreman, and George  
Whitehouse, a brakeman, were at-  
tempting to couple or uncouple the  
day coach and sleeper of the train  
when the switch engine backed into  
the train, and both were caught and  
crushed between the bumpers. Whalen  
was instantly killed, his head being  
crushed, and Whitehouse was per-  
haps fatally injured. The latter was  
crushed in the abdomen, and is not  
expected to live. They were taken  
from beneath the train by pas-  
sengers. Whitehouse was brought to  
the city on the St. Louis train and  
taken to the Illinois Central hospital  
on West Broadway.

Both men resided at Brookport.  
Whalen was once a central figure in  
the East St. Louis strike, when he  
and his brother, Mike, the latter now  
yardmaster at Brookport, attempted  
to take out a train and were assaulted  
by strikers. The dead man was shot  
in the head and had never been quite  
the same since.

He came here a few years ago and  
had Dr. Frank Boyd locate the bullet  
with the x-ray machine, then just in-  
troduced into surgery. He was slight-  
ly burned by the electricity, and after  
returning home, brought suit against  
Dr. Boyd for heavy damages. The  
case went to trial and was won by Dr.  
Boyd, it being the first case involving  
the use of the x-ray ever tried in any  
court in the United States.

Whalen afterwards went to a doctor  
in Carbondale, and from the photo-  
graph taken by Dr. Boyd had the bul-  
let removed.

He was about 45 years old, and  
leaves a family.

## ADJUDGED INSANE

RESIDENT OF NEAR WOODVILLE  
TRIED THIS AFTER-  
NOON.

Thomas Jenkins, white, a resident  
near Woodville, was brought to the  
city this morning for trial before Judge  
Lightfoot for insanity. For the past  
several months it is thought that he  
has been gradually losing his mind  
and of late he has been acting in rather  
a violent manner.

Jenkins' lunacy seemed to run in  
the line of salt and feeding stock. He  
ate salt by the cup full and fed the  
horses as often as he could get into  
the barn. Everything had to be locked  
to keep him from getting into mis-  
chief. He also drank a great deal of  
landrum contrary to advice. The  
jury returned a verdict of insanity  
against him and Deputy Sheriff Lydon  
has been appointed to take him to the  
asylum.

## COUNTY COURT.

Power of attorney was filed with the  
county court clerk today giving Lov-  
ing and Orice power of attorney to  
transact business in the name of the  
United States Fidelity and Guarantee  
company.

B. Owen and others deed to P. H.  
Burkholder, for \$380, property in the  
Fountain park addition.

Thomas Fiske, of the county, aged  
21 and Maggie Adams, of the county,  
aged 18, were this morning licensed to  
wed. It will make the first marriage  
of both.

The liquor license of Stom and Rose,  
of 735 North Tenth street, was this  
morning transferred to E. C. Eaker  
and Co.

## STR. OF IS ON.

The Carpenters and Painters Today  
Refused To Go to Work

Both Contractors and Union Men Seem  
To Be Determined,

The expected strike of carpenters  
and painters began this morning, when  
all the union men of both unions re-  
fused to work, except a few carpenters  
employed on the new Armour build-  
ing at First and Broadway. Nearly  
two hundred men are affected by the  
walkout, and it is impossible to pre-  
dict where it will end.

Yesterday the carpenters presented  
an agreement to the contractors to  
sign, stipulating that they would con-  
tinue work on the buildings now in  
course of construction if the contrac-  
tors would agree to pay the scale de-  
mand, \$2.80 for eight hours work,  
after the work is completed, on all new  
work. The contractors declined to  
sign this, with the exception of the  
one on the Armour building, who  
signed.

Some of the contractors claim that  
non-union men and union men from  
other places will be in their places to-  
morrow, but the carpenters seem to  
anticipate that the men of other uni-  
ons will refuse to work with non-  
union men and that union men will  
not come here when they are apprised  
of the situation. The contractors  
claim they offered the scale to the  
men, paying all twenty-cents an hour,  
and all of the more skilled workmen  
whatever they were worth, which in  
many instances would be more than  
they would receive under the scale de-  
manded.

The painters demanded \$2.50 a day  
for eight hours instead of \$2.50 a day  
for nine hours.

There are seventeen of the local con-  
tractors in the Building Association,  
and two outside contractors have  
agreed to sign the demand, it is un-  
derstood, but have not done so yet.

## CALLED SESSION.

Kentucky Grand Lodge of Odd  
Fellows to Meet.

It Will Consider Building an Addition to  
Widows and Orphan's Home.

Grand Master Allan D. Cole, of  
Maysville, has caused the grand lodge  
of the Independent Order of Odd Fel-  
lows of Kentucky to meet in special  
session at Lexington, Wednesday,  
April 16, to devise some plan for  
raising the \$5,000 needed in building  
the addition to the Widows' and Or-  
phans' Home in Lexington.

Grand Secretary R. G. Elliott,  
who was delegated by the board of di-  
rectors of the home, which met Wed-  
nesday and failed to arrive at any con-  
clusion, to wait upon the grand mas-  
ter, A. D. Cole, and urge him to call  
the special session, went to Maysville  
Thursday and laid the matter before  
him.

The call was issued and copies of it  
were printed and mailed with all ex-  
pediency possible by Grand Secretary  
Elliott to all the subordinate lodges.

Grand Secretary Elliott estimates  
that the attendance will be a large  
one and that all lodges will be fully  
represented. He also stated that he  
was of the opinion that the grand  
lodge would vote to appropriate the  
extra \$5,000 which is required to com-  
plete the addition to the home accord-  
ing to the present plans and architec-  
tural designs. The executive com-  
mittee of the home expects to have an  
institution surpassed by no grand lodge  
of the United States.

Mr. George W. Davy, the manager  
of the loan department of the Mutual  
Life insurance company of Kentucky,  
returned to Louisville at noon today,  
after a short business visit to the  
city.

## A RECIPROCITY BILL

Ways and Means Committee Decides  
to Report it to Congress

A Severe Storm at Columbus, O., Does  
Great Damage—Cold Wave in  
Ohio Valley.

### LATE EVENTS BY TELEGRAPH.

#### THE LATEST FROM

##### WASHINGTON.

Washington, March 31.—The ways  
and means committee voted to report  
the Cuban reciprocity bill by a vote of  
11 to 5. Two Republicans, Tawney  
and Metcalfe, voted against the bill.  
All amendments were defeated.

It is not true that there are expec-  
tations of the stork at the White  
House, but it is true that the stork  
has left advance notices at the bridal  
homes of Senator Chauncey Depew  
and General Henry C. Corbin.

#### SEVERE STORM IN OHIO.

Columbus, O., March 31—A terri-  
fic wind and snow storm has been rag-  
ing here since 6 o'clock and the wind  
has attained a velocity of thirty miles  
an hour. All electric wires are down  
in all parts of the city.

#### DAMAGE FROM FROST.

Cincinnati, O., March 31—Unusu-  
ally low temperature with frosts are  
reported throughout the Ohio Valley  
today, with much damage from high  
winds.

#### NEW BANK AT HOPKINSVILLE

Hopkinsville, Ky., March 31—  
new bank is to be established  
Adams, several miles south of Guthrie,  
with a capital stock of \$30,000.  
W. Woodruff, of Adams, will be pre-  
sident and O. E. Lane, of this ci-  
ty, cashier.

#### PATIENT IS IMPROVING.

Lexington, March 31—James  
Keene, the millionaire horse own-  
er is much improved today. He a-  
tended this morning and walked about  
room for a short time, but is still  
unable to eat solid food. Dr. Bar-  
says it will take rest to restore his  
tiant.

#### GOES TO THE JURY TODAY

Louisville, March 31—The B.  
Henning suit for \$20,000 over a  
thern Pacific stock transaction  
go to the jury this afternoon. J.  
Evans, of the federal court, has  
pared his instructions, and the ar-  
guments were made this morn-  
ing.

#### POPULISTS GATHERING

Louisville, March 31—Delega-  
tes of the Allied party (Populist) con-  
vention which begins Wednesday, are  
beginning to arrive. Colonel J. S. I.  
speaker for the National Populi-  
stan, arrived today from Sprin-  
gfield, and Milton Park, of Dallas,  
editor of the Mercury, is also  
here. Joe A. Parker says he expects  
or five hundred delegates.

—The Kickapoo Indians, who  
have been hereabout for  
years, are now in Metropolis.

## HUGHES' CHILL T

(PALATABLE)  
Better Than Calomel and Qu  
(CONTAINS NO ARSENIC.)  
**THE OLD RELIABLE  
EXCELLENT GENERAL**

—as well as—  
A Sure Cure for CHILLS and F  
Malarial Fevers, Swamp F  
and Bilious Fevers.  
—It Never Fails.—  
Just What You Need at Thi  
Mild Laxative,  
Nervous Sedative,  
Splendid Tonic  
Guaranteed by your Dr  
Don't Take Any Substitut  
50c and \$1.00 Bottles  
Prepared by  
**ROBINSON-PETTET C**  
(INCORPORATED.)  
LOUISVILLE, KEN



The lack of physician in the horrors of the isolation in which the Newfoundlanders of this coast live. There is none within fifty miles of most harbors—none within reaching distance of many. It is related of a well-to-do fisherman, who was something of a merchant, that his wife, whom he fondly loved, lay in agony for many days while an autumn gale raged. No man in the harbor would put off in a skiff to fetch the nearest physician, who lived fifty miles down the coast, for there was no possibility that he who ventured could survive. On the fourth day the wind moderated. Two men volunteered to accompany Allerton. They set sail in the first hours of a snowstorm, which abated, however, before they reached their destination. Fighting doggedly, they took the boat safely in, after indescribable hardship and through ever-present danger. The gale had gone down when they knocked on the physician's door. A heavy sea was running, but the danger of wreck on the return voyage was quickly passing. "What's the matter with the woman?" the physician asked. He was informed. The husband minutely described his wife's agony. Then he offered what amounted almost to half his fortune as a fee. "I'll take that," said the doctor. "If you fetch her here. Go back and get her, and I'll attend to the case." "In an open boat!" the husband exclaimed. He pointed out that his wife's condition put such an arrangement beyond the bounds of reason. "Well, I can't do anything," said the physician. "If you bring her over I'll attend to her." When the husband got back to his home the child had been born, but the woman died the next day.—Norman Duncan in *Almslee's Magazine*.

**The Conversation of Kings.**  
One has a general idea that because a man is a king that he is not a man, but oftentimes when the conversation of crowned heads is made public it is found to be an expression of ideas that are far from kingly. This certainly was the case in the following: The king of Portugal is forbidden by his physicians to eat much meat. He firmly disobeys the doctors, however, and is especially fond of beef, of which he eats great quantities. When he visited England a few years ago he was stopping at Lord Salisbury's country seat, where also King Edward was guest. One day at dinner King Carlos was asked what had impressed him most during his short stay in England. He replied, thoughtfully, "Well, I think English roast beef is very delightful." "Oh," laughed King Edward, "surely something else has pleased you as well?" "Ah," was the reply, "of course the English beef is also delightful."

**Her Marriage.**  
"Yes," said a young man recently, "I saw one bride start her married life all wrong. If her conduct was as great a failure as it was to mine I feel for him. She was going to have a church wedding, a bridal pageant of beauty and elegance, and as a small accessory an awning was to be erected from the curb to the church entrance. It chanced that immediately following this wedding the son of a modest tradesman in the vicinity was to lead his bride to the same altar. Hearing of it, the fashionable girl called on this young man and suggested that, as he and his bride were to have the use of her awning, it might be as well for him to share the expense of it. This he declined to do, on the ground that his wedding was of so unostentatious a nature as to need no awning, and it certainly had not occurred to him to order one. After some argument, in which neither side yielded, the party separated with the sweet girl bride-to-be intimating that if he did not pay in part for the awning he should not profit by it. The wedding day dawned with crowded church, fragrant flowers, glimmering candles, and all the solemn yet joyful accompaniments of the sacrament of marriage. The fashionable wedding was duly solemnized, and as the tearful bride descended the steps of the sanctuary the modest equipage of the tradesman's son drew up before the edifice. The white-gowned bride, leaving behind her all the sunny memories of maidenhood, standing on the happy threshold of married life, stepped quickly to her carriage, and, then turning, with her own hand gave the signal to waiting workmen to remove the awning. The second bride and groom advanced to the church to the discordant ripping asunder of canvas—not half as discordant, however, as the jangling discords that rang through the hearts of the spectators at such an exhibition of evil passion at such a time."—Baltimore Sun.

**British Writers Left Fortunes.**  
The fact that Sir Walter Besant died with less than \$30,000 to his credit has called attention to the fortunes of other British writers left. Except Sir Walter Scott no novelist has ever made such sums as would be regarded by men in the money market as wealth. Scott's income averaged for years \$50,000 a year. Dickens left \$400,000, Thackeray less, Bulwer Lytton, with a very keen eye for the main chance and a considerable but encumbered estate \$400,000.

**Kaiser's Wish Gratified.**  
The wish of the kaiser has forced the electric road for Unter den Linden, Berlin's beautiful boulevard and main thoroughfare, underground.

**Observations of the Effects of Melody on Animals.**  
The pleasing legend of Orpheus and the wild beasts has lately been put to the proof in Europe in a series of tests to determine whether music bath charms to soothe the savage breast. Not long since a concert was given at the poultry show at Posen. The fowls listened intently, and the only one which did not seem pleased was an old turkey cock, which gave every evidence of noisy disapproval. Herr Boller, the violinist, then made a series of experiments in the German Zoological Gardens with interesting results. A puma was found to be peculiarly susceptible. As soon as the playing began he stretched himself and listened intently, giving every evidence of sensuous pleasure. This continued as long as the music was soft and low, but when the movement and tempo changed and the playing became loud and rapid he sprang to his feet, lashed his tail, and gave every evidence of high nervous excitement, as if he were a Frenchman listening to the "Mars, la-aise." Leopards showed complete indifference. The lions were nervous and apprehensive, but when the player passed on they lay down and went to sleep. The lion cubs seemed to show a disposition to dance when the music was animated, but the older members of the family were evidently better pleased with allegro measures. Hyenas were badly frightened. The monkeys showed much curiosity, but only one of them displayed evidence of great pleasure. Prairie wolves at first manifested great curiosity, but, having satisfied themselves as to where the sounds came from they arranged themselves in a semi-circle and listened attentively. When the music stopped they pawed the player and seemed to solicit the favor of an encore. The tests are to be continued, with a view to determining if musical perception is a trait in all animals if they get the kind of music which suits them, or only a nervous manifestation in recognition of the unusual and incomprehensible.—London Globe.

**Order From the Philippines.**  
Among recent orders from Philippine headquarters is the following: "The metallic lining of boxes and packages belonging to the United States, used to protect matches and other articles from moisture, and when no longer needed will be melted and thrown into deep water or otherwise disposed of in such manner as to prevent recovery."

**Rubber in Peru and Brazil.**  
A French explorer, Emile Bonchoux, thinks that, with proper protection, Brazil and Peru alone would be able to satisfy the world's increasing demand for rubber.



to women is a term of much anxiety, serious thought and sweet anticipation. Pain and dread, love and joy, come ever changingly. With the cessation of pain necessary to childbirth comes calm, nerves, sleep, recuperation. Among the manifold aids to childbirth *Mother's Friend* has grown in popularity and gained a prestige among rich women as well as poor; it is found and welcomed in the mansion as well as the cabin. Children strong intellectually and physically is a duty every pregnant woman owes society. By lessening the mother's agony of mind and diminishing pain a beautiful influence is wrought upon the child, and instead of peevish, ill-tempered and sickly forms you have laughing humanity that remains a blessing ever after to you and its country. Try a \$1 bottle. Druggists everywhere sell *Mother's Friend*. Write us for our free book "Motherhood," THE BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., Atlanta, Ga.

**Immensity of Siberia.**  
Few people realize the immensity of Siberia. To think of a single state stretching through 130 degrees of longitude and possessing one-ninth of all the land surface of the globe, is staggering. Let us measure it by the countries we are familiar with: The United States and all its possessions and all Europe, except Russia, could be put into Siberia, with land enough left to make thirty-five states like Connecticut. And Manchuria will make seventy more.—Correspondence New York West.

**Fate Delays an Undertaking.**  
At the time of his death the late Pavis De Chavannes was at work on a series of frescoes for the Pantheon. The painter Cazin, who was entrusted with the completion of the work, died in his turn. The frescoes are now to be finished by one of Pavis De Chavannes's favorite pupils.

# Lendler and Lydon's Easter Footwear

If you would have it of the best and most stylish, it should come from here. Why? Because our shoes are the very best productions of the best shoe-makers of the country.

<b>THE FLORSCHHEIM</b> <b>\$5.00</b> Is a shoe for the genteel dresser—for the man who wants a comfortable shoe and one that will wear well. It is the equal of any \$6.00 shoe on the market.	<b>"THE EMPRESS"</b> <b>\$3.50</b> Is a shoe for our lady friends, made especially for us, for our trade, and we can guarantee it as the best shoe for the price on the market. You will like it when you try it.
<b>THE DOUGLASS</b> <b>\$3.50</b> Is a \$3.50 shoe par-excellence. It is the most universally popular shoe in the country and justly so, for it is the best men's \$3.50 shoe made. All styles.	<b>Another Special</b> <b>Our \$2.50</b> Shoe—special. We guarantee it to be the best shoe at this price to be had. We have the prettiest line of baby shoes to be found anywhere—all the latest styles.

309 Broadway. Telephone 675.

**Henry Mammen, Jr.,**  
**\*BOOK BINDER.\***  
 A Thoroughly equipped Book-making Plant. You need send nothing on oftown  
**PATENT FLAT OPENING BOOKS**

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### Globe=Democrat And THE SUN

# \$1.35

By a deal just made with the Globe-Democrat we are enabled to give you this great paper, issued Twice A Week, and The Sun for \$1.35. The Globe-Democrat is the Best newspaper in the United States, and the man who reads it is thoroughly posted on current events and other news of interest.

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**THE WEEKLY SUN, Paducah, Ky.**



# HIS LAWYER IS HOT

Says He Is Disgusted With Christmas  
And the Way He Has Acted

Great Sensation Sprung in the House  
Yesterday by a Bribery  
Resolution.

## AN INVESTIGATION TO FOLLOW

New York, March 28.—Carl Fischer Hansen of this city, who was attorney for Walter Christmas, the representative of the Danish government in the overtures for the purchase of the Danish West Indies in 1900, has expressed the deepest indignation at the conduct of his client has apparently shown in his secret report to the Danish ministry lately published. "Ordinary legal etiquette would prevent my speaking," he said today, "but this report is so defamatory and outrageous that I feel justified in washing my hands of the whole affair."

The report created a great sensation in the house yesterday afternoon, when it was presented, and has precipitated an almost international sensation.

Mr. Richardson of Tennessee, the minority leader, offered as matter of privilege, a resolution for the appointment of a committee of five to investigate the charges said to have been made by Walter Christmas, a semi-official representative of the government of Denmark, in a secret report to his government, in which it was made to appear that he was to receive \$500,000 for the purchase money for the sale of the Danish West Indies for bribing newspapers and members of congress.

The resolution was very long and detailed, and its reading created great excitement on both sides of the house.

Mr. Payne, the majority leader, immediately made the point of order that the matter presented was not privileged.

"When did the gentleman obtain access to the secret archives of the Danish government?" interposed Mr. Payne, sarcastically.

Speaker Henderson at this point called attention to the fact that the language of the resolution charged that newspapers and members of congress had been bribed.

"Members of congress," he said, "did not necessarily include members of the house. If members of the senate, that body must be the custodian of its own morals." He thought if the resolution was to be privileged it should specifically include members of the house.

"I am prepared to say," replied Mr. Richardson, "that these charges do include members of the house, and will amend the resolution to that extent."

Speaker Henderson thereupon ruled that the matter was privileged.

The resolutions were then perfected by the insertion of "it is alleged" before all assertions of fact. At the suggestion of Mr. Lacey of Iowa the reference in the resolution to newspapers was changed to read, "newspapers or press associations." With these changes the resolutions were put to a vote, and were carried without a dissenting voice.

The excitement then subsided, and the house turned to the consideration of the army appropriation bill.

## THE COUNTY'S FOOLISH EXTRAVAGANCE.

If the county has no practical man who knows how to direct the road work it should get one at once. There are numerous fills in the county that were constructed a year or two ago, at a cost of many thousands of dollars, "as a stroke of economy." It was given out that these fills would save the county many hundreds of dollars that would otherwise have to be spent every few years for repairs to the bridges. A practical man knows that a fill cannot be built everywhere, but it seems the genius who designated the places in the county where they should be constructed was of the opinion that they can be placed anywhere, provided you have the dirt and the money to pay for having it hauled. A practical man knows that a fill cannot supplant a bridge in many places, because of the sudden and violent torrents that flow through the creek beds at times, sweeping everything before them not strong enough to withstand the terrific rush of water. A fill built in such a place, no matter how large the culvert left for the passage of water, is quickly washed away and has to be repeatedly

rebuilt, and some one should know better than to build them in such places.

If a fill is built at all it should be built by a man who understands his business and knows how to build it. If it is washed away the inference is plain that somebody either had it built in the wrong place, or else didn't know how it ought to be built, this somebody in either instance filling a place that he wasn't intended by Providence, nature or the people to fill. It seems that the county has some of these "washaway fills" in place of bridges that formerly stood there, and they not only occasion the farmers much inconvenience by washing away and depriving them of the use of the roads, but cost the taxpayers hundreds of dollars as well.

If it is true that the county has, after numerous costly experiments, found that the cost to the taxpayers is something enormous in some of the places where fills have been constructed, it ought to get a man, if it hasn't one now, who knows something about the work for which he is paid. About the same conditions in respect to rain and bad weather prevail in the county that have prevailed for years past, and a practical man would take the trouble to find out whether a fill were advisable and effective before spending hundreds of dollars on it, only to have it washed away from time to time. The people would prefer to have the old bridges, which seem at least to be able to remain in place and not wash away like the roads during every hard rain. Enough money has already been wasted on the county roads by building useless fills at the suggestion of amateur road engineers and novice road builders. If we haven't a practical man, give us one. And if the fills are going to wash away, put up the bridges again.

The citizens of Paducah pay most of the taxes that go towards the support of the county, and the condition of the roads has a great deal to do with the volume of our local trade, and we have a right to complain.

The Sun doesn't know who is to blame, and doesn't undertake to say who is to blame, but it is clear that some one is responsible for the manner in which the roads have been built, repaired and "improved" in this county.

## HER WORRIED LOOK.

Not a Brutal Husband, but a Bag of High-Priced Eggs.

It was 5 o'clock in the afternoon and the outdoor street car was crowded. The aisle was jammed with women—all standing. Three women near the door were talking in loud tones, too loud to be discreet, and it soon became known to several others near that they were discussing the appearance of a lady holding to a strap, a little farther up the aisle. "Yes, she certainly does seem worried," one lady was saying. "She must be having trouble and lots of it." "And to think that she has been married only a year, poor thing," was the sympathetic tribute paid by another of the trio. Then the third said: "Well, I don't know but it serves her right. You remember we all told her that man was a brute, and that she would regret it if she married him." Didn't we, though, didn't we," said the first speaker, triumphantly. "We told her and she told us to mind our own business. I don't care a bit if her face does look drawn and haggard." "It wouldn't surprise me to know that her husband treats her brutally," said another. "I—avenue!" shouted the conductor from the platform. "Oh, here is where we get off," said one of the gossiping trio. "I was so absorbed that I nearly forgot." As they left the car it was observed that the woman with the supposed brutal husband was also getting off, and then there they all met. "My," said the woman talked about, "I am glad it is over with." "Why, howdy-do, howdy-do, howdy-do," said the three. "You are so glad what is over with?" they asked, expecting to hear a confession of her unhappy married state. "I have a dozen eggs in this bag," replied the woman with the supposed brutal husband, "and I had to stand and that fat woman in front of me was continually staggering back against me, and I was simply tortured with fear that she would break the eggs, and they are thirty cents a dozen, too!" "Oh!" was all the trio could say.—Baltimore News.

## A Strenuous Student.

There was a wild scene at Budapest University a few days ago. Twenty students had undergone oral examinations and eighteen had been badly "plucked," owing, as they thought, to the unreasonable severity of the test. One of the twenty, whipping a revolver from his pocket, rushed up to the examiners' table, and brandishing his weapon, yelled at the terrified professors: "You may thank your stars I've no cartridges! If I had I would have put lead into you all." Amid the hubbub the professors fled the room.—Buda Pesth Correspondence London Chronicle.

## Original Meaning of Prejudice.

Prejudice was originally nothing more than a judgment formed before hand, the character of such judgment being best indicated by the precise meaning of the word.

# JOHN'S DAILY STORY

## HADDEN GRAY.

(Copyright, 1902, by Daily Story Pub. Co.)  
The play was Richard III., and it was during an intermission that I noticed him sitting opposite—a shriveled little man, colored in faded soap tints, with blind-seeming eyes. By those eyes I recognized him; for when I had last seen him, fifteen years ago, he had not been shriveled at all and had had, half bald and half gray, had been well covered with rich brown locks; but the same eyes—the same introspective look that the Greeks gave their statues by dispensing with eyes altogether.

I was filled with sympathy. What could have changed him so? Ill-health? Trouble? My dear old professor! Chrysostom, Goldenmouth, Silver-tongue, as I had fondly nicknamed him in boyish admiration. For Professor Eustis had the rarest gift of eloquence that I have ever known, and could pour forth an unmediated flood of beautiful, classical English for a couple of hours at a time. He was that most attractive kind of literary man, naturally a poet, but with a solid, laboriously-acquired foundation and superstructure of logic. So when he spoke you would be sure of beautiful imagery, sometimes springlike, Chaucerian, with the delightful changing light and shade of the first fuller-lighted days of March; again, there was never anyone who could be at the same time so tropical and yet so chaste. Nevertheless, it was not for this that he spoke or you heard him. There was always a clear message, a profitable instruction.

His fault, and that an ineradicable one, was a lack of sympathy with life—his life was entirely in his mind. He was conscious of this, and had tried to overcome it, I am sure, for I have never known anyone more unfailingly kind and cordial of manner. But his refinement was so far removed from the crudity of ordinary mortals that he was necessarily isolated. Yet these same crude ordinary mortals are honest enough to acknowledge real superiority when it comes before them, so that he had a goodly number of admirers and friends after all.

I crossed the theater, took the vacant place beside him and was soon listening to a richer conversation than that of old days.

"Well, John, I was quite proud the other day to see that one of my old boys had taken his Ph. D. I congratulate you."

"Thanks, yes—and what are the rights and privileges appertaining thereto?" On commencement days President C— utters that phrase with a large and lordly air, as though he were conveying to us some mysterious wealth, a veritable treasure of Monte Cristo; and at the same time he smiles, a generous, yet slightly humorous smile—the same that one wears in the game of 'Hold fast what I give you.' What does he mean?" "Why, the right to work aright. You know how to work in the domain of truth and light. The right to delve in the mines, to plough the fields, to forge the metals, to traffic in all the marts and on all the seas, for the benefit of humanity. The privilege of holding communion and intimate companionship with the great minds of this and every age. Well may Dr. C— smile to feel himself the almoner of such gifts as these, John, how noble is the life of the searcher for truth by the inductive method. Who loves the truth so much as he who makes himself a slave for the truth?"

Just then Richard did something bad and the people laughed again.

"Why are these people laughing? A high moral indignation would seem to be more appropriate."

"Ah, my boy, still good at asking questions. Richard Crouchback is a fairy tale to frighten children with. King Shakespeare is only trying to

amused by Bluebeard and Jack the Giant-killer."

Still I wondered, "What has changed him so? What can have changed him so?" but I dared not ask him. Never was there a man more impersonal. He told you none of his experiences, imposed none of his conclusions upon you. He was always suggestive, stimulating, never dogmatic.

However, the play over, I was gratified at parting by an invitation to call. He was at home on Sunday afternoons. I departed much elated at the "right and privilege" to which I had attained of becoming more intimately acquainted with this man whom I so intensely admired.

The next Sunday afternoon saw me joyfully wending my way to the address he had given, anticipating a sight of some fine old editions, meeting brainy people, and looking at rare works of art. "Yes, with his exquisite taste, his pictures will be worth seeing, I am sure." To all these joys there was a dim background of thick carpets, book-lined walls, busts of all the old Greeks, and so on. I was getting near the place now, and as a vision of a courteous footman with silver salver in hand, arose before my mental vision, I began to look whether I had a card about me. It was perfectly natural, I think, that these appropriate surroundings to such a man should thus arise in my mind.

I met some brainy people, and I spent one of the pleasantest afternoons of my life, but I didn't see any rare editions, for he hadn't any—the exquisite pictures were there, but they were cheap copies of Breton and Millet. Such a plain little house! Now I understood, in part at least, why the professor had shriveled and faded.



There was the same shadow over nearly every one of the company. All seemed to have exceptional gifts of one sort or another which would probably never be brought to perfection, because culture of that sort costs. They were all the broader, perhaps, on that very account, and all were bright, with a brightness that I could not understand till I caught the explanation in a disquisition of the professor's upon the work of Breton and Millet.

"With the originals in the Walter's gallery close at hand, one can do very well with these copies. Indeed, I grow more in love with my industrious little 'Shepherds' every day. See, John, is she not far more beautiful than the little Dresden nothings in pink and blue? Goodness and industry and content are such beautiful things. These girls of Breton's, coming home from the fields—is it not worth while to be poor, to be so strong, so happy? To have health and unbroken slumbers! These Christian peasants, so homely yet so elevated, have nothing, yet possess all things. See in the 'Angelus' they rise to the highest height. The work of these artists is the apotheosis of 'hadden gray,' and there is no end to the depths of beauty to be found in it. It is timely work, too, for the world was fast losing the old-fashioned idea of the blessedness of poverty."

Thus he spoke, and much more. I remember, too, a young vocalist who sang "Forever With the Lord," the perfect lyric of Montgomery set to the noble music of Gounod.

"Will you sing that at my funeral?" said the professor.

His funeral came sooner than we thought. Ill health was part of what had changed the professor. Returning from my summer outing I found that he had been in bed for several weeks. Coming into his room one day in the earliest fall, he calmly announced, in reply to my inquiries, that he was dying.

"Is it not a perfect day, John," he said. "Balmey" exactly describes it. One could not suffer on this day though he had lost his all. What does Nature say to you today?"

I replied that I did not know, that I had been trying to express it to myself, but could not.

"Nature's god says to-day to every suffering soul: 'You have not lost all; you are not utterly desolate. Behold, to you, as to the year, there remains a happy death, and that is the greatest happiness.' And more, it says more—"

He stopped. The professor always knew what it is "not lawful to speak."

This world would be an utter failure if that I knew of this man here were all that I should ever know.

the blind, incomplete assessments of McCracken county, which have been obvious so far short of what they ought to be made higher, and the revenue derived smaller than is right or desirable.

The assessment of Graves county, a larger county, but one nothing to compare to McCracken in wealth, his just been completed, and a comparison reveals some of the glaring errors in our own.

The item of town lots enters a prominent figure. In McCracken the number is given at 5,063, valued at \$5,592,635, while in Graves the number is 1,591, valued at \$1,359,647, leaving about three-eighths of the total assessment to be made up on other things in McCracken, and about six-sevenths in Graves, where the total is \$7,526,265, against a total in this county of \$8,587,417. It is thus seen that after the item of town lots has been eliminated, there remains other property to be assessed, amounting to over \$6,000,000.

The amount of cash in Mayfield banks is given at \$109,395; in McCracken it is given at \$7,875.

The value of geldings, mares and colts common stock, is given in Graves at \$203,585; in McCracken at \$41,675.

The number of bulls, cows, calves, of common stock in Graves is given at 11,133, valued at \$132,340; in McCracken, 1,085, valued at \$13,293.

Number of hogs in Graves, 23,237, value, \$67,184; McCracken 1,234, value, \$5,403.

Mules and colts in Graves, 4,412, value, \$188,660; McCracken, 411, value \$14,580.

Vehicles in Graves valued at \$109,564; in McCracken, \$24,875.

Household goods in Graves valued at \$282,902; in McCracken, \$32,065.

Value of pianos and other musical instruments in Graves, \$38,795; in McCracken, \$5,760.

Value of diamonds in Graves, \$3,715; in McCracken, \$660.

Value of watches and clocks in Graves, \$13,351; in McCracken, \$940.

Value of steam engines and boilers in Graves, \$17,225, in McCracken, with our almost countless big industries, \$9,310.

It is true that Graves is a larger county, and richer in agricultural products, and yet the difference in the assessments shows plainly what a vast discrepancy there is in McCracken's assessment.

When we are told that there is over \$100,000 in Mayfield banks, as shown in the Graves county assessment, and only \$7,875 in the five large banks of Paducah, we know it is entirely false and absurd, as bank statements show that there is about \$700,000 in banks here. When we are told that the vehicles in Graves are worth over \$100,000, and those in this county only about \$25,000, we know that our assessor has been very careless in this regard, for there are more vehicles in Paducah alone, by many thousands of dollars, than in the entire county of Graves. Graves county, with no town larger than Mayfield, shows household furniture assessed at \$282,902, while McCracken, with Paducah and her 20,000 people and many fine and elegantly furnished homes, is assessed on only \$32,065.

These comparisons are shown simply to sustain us in our claim that it is an outrage that McCracken county's assessments are so incomplete and unfair. According to the assessor's books there are assessed for county poll tax only about one-third of the voters in the county.

## Lord Selborne's Apology.

Lord Selborne, in his speech to the Institute of Journalists last Saturday, alluded incidentally to the mistakes of the "provincial reporter." A Leeds journalist, sending some press cuttings to Lord Selborne, remarked that the "provincial reporter" had corrected a curious mixture of metaphor in Lord Selborne's recent speech at Leeds. Here is the graceful apology: "I much regret that the words I used should have given pain to the reporters in the great provincial centers. I admit at once that the word 'provincial' was badly chosen. I had in my mind the reporting of small rural newspapers, which from reasons easily understood cannot be considered always accurate, and I should not have used a word which might reasonably be held to include the staffs of the great journals outside the metropolitan area, between the work of whom and their London colleagues there is nothing to choose in excellence of skill."—London Chronicle.

## Aztec Language.

The Aztec language, in use in Mexico at the discovery of America, lacked the sounds indicated by our letters b, d, f, g, h, i, j, and v.

# MURKED

She Was Brained With An Ax after  
Returning Home from Church.

There is no Clue—Pension Commissioner  
Evans Resigns His  
Position

## THE LATEST TELEGRAPH NEWS.

### BRUTALLY MURDERED.

Williamsburg, Ky., March 28.—Mrs. Green Alder was brutally murdered at her home at Saxson, Ky., eight miles north of Jellico, Tenn., last night. The murderer escaped, and there is no clue to his identity, and no known motive for his horrible crime.

Mrs. and Mrs. Alder returned home from church services about 9 o'clock, and Mrs. Alder unlocked the front door while Mr. Alder went to the henry to investigate the supply of eggs.

A moment later he heard his wife scream, and running to the front door of the house, he saw an unknown man making his escape from the front door.

Alder found his wife prostrate on the floor in a pool of blood, and she lived but a short time. She had been brained with an ax, which was found beside her covered with blood. The murderer had concealed himself in the house, and struck the deadly blow as she entered. Some are of the opinion that it is the fatal termination of some love affair of long ago.

Mrs. Alder was a young woman, and she and her husband had been married but a short time. She was a daughter of Andrew Beems, a leading citizen of the county. There is much excitement, especially about the mining camp sections, and posers are securing the country in every direction, and in case any arrest is made there is likely to be violence.

### WHO GOT THE BILL?

Probably the reported theft of the registration bill at Frankfort is another effort to "damn the Republican party in Kentucky." Or perhaps it was only passed to disappear and be "stolen." There is certainly something suspicious looking about the missing bill. The Democrats first claimed that it would give them a chance to buy up all the negro votes, and in this way created the impression that the Republicans feared the bill and wanted to get rid of it. The bill was in control of the legislature during its session, and the legislature was Democratic. It is presumed the legislature ordered the bill into the hands of the proper persons, and these persons were Democrats. The bill was passed, and was passed by the Democrats, who were presumed to have turned it over to the committee on enrollments. Before it reached the executive office, we are asked to believe it disappeared. If it did, those who knew where it disappeared to are doubtless Democrats. It has been in their control constantly, and although the Democrats are now insinuating that the Republicans made away with the bill, these insinuations are only for a purpose.

It may be they have on foot another magnanimous plan to show up some deep, dark conspiracy to abduct or foully murder the bill, and as soon as a \$100,000 reward fund can be raised, will spring it on the people, and prove to a waiting world "who stole the election bill," involving many of the prominent Republicans, some of whom will doubtless leave the state and go to Indiana, from whence they may never return. In fact, it can be conclusively proven that a number of Republicans have been in Frankfort lately, and if this suspicious circumstance is not sufficient to convict them before any jury of reputable Democrats, then Wharton Golden and Barber Weaver will simply have to be sent for again. If it is only proven that the bill cannot be found, and that there has been a Republican around Frankfort within six months previous to the commission of the said deed, the conspiracy will be plain, and all the Republicans who have not already fled to Indiana will then probably flee, and leave the state to the Democrats. But whatever fate befell the bill, it is certain the Democrats didn't steal it. They never fool with anything smaller than a national bank or a batch of state offices.

### Large Pearls Are Sarcophagi.

A French naturalist, Raphael Dubois, asserts that all large pearls are nothing but sarcophagi, in the center of which rest the dead bodies of marine worms.



## THE MILES' CORRESPONDENCE.

It seems from the correspondence of General Miles and Secretary Root in regard to the former's request to be sent to the Philippines, ordered by Congress, that the affair was only another of General Miles' eruptions of egotism. The whole thing, told in a nutshell, is that General Miles suggested a policy for the Philippines radically contrary to the administration's policy, and which would have been unfair to the officers who have been working so hard there for months past, and in addition would have been uncertain of result. The policy was simply an admixture of General Miles' experience at Indian fighting and his vanity, and would in all probability have yielded no better results than a spectacular display of asininity. Secretary Root intimated as much in his reply to General Miles, but the latter, with characteristic perversity, instead of subsiding, came back at his superior, and the next time had to be squelched by Secretary Root, both of the latter's letters being approved by President Roosevelt, who appended to the last one: "The memorandum of the secretary of war is approved as a whole and as to every part. Had there been any doubt before as to the wisdom of denying General Miles' request, these papers would remove such doubt."

New York Town Topics, democratic, says: "General Miles has been very lucky. Appointed lieutenant-general, no matter how—he might have lived in dignity and ease, full of years and honors, like Lieutenant-General Scott. Instead, he seems to take every opportunity to force a quarrel upon the President and secretary of war. But there will be no quarrel; the odds against Miles are too heavy. The President can retire him now for the good of the service, or next year he will reach the age limit and will quietly drop to the retired list. He threatens, if the staff organization bill be passed, he will at once resign the office of commanding general of the army." This is one of the bees that are buzzing in his chapeau. Miles is

not the commanding general; he did not command the army during the Spanish war he does not command it now; the title of general commanding the army is a jumble of words that the staff organization bill will clear up. It should be enough for him to be the ranking general, without attempting, even in verbiage, to encroach upon the prerogatives of the real commander-in-chief.

"One of the grievances of General Miles is that the administration refuses to send him to the Philippines to settle the guerilla fighting there. In this he has my sympathy; the business of a soldier is to fight. Miles made his reputation as an Indian fighter, and he might pacify the Filipinos by the same methods. True, the work is nearly done, and Miles might get credit that is due to others; but this is not unusual in army circles, and I have no doubt that Miles might distinguish himself.

"Another grievance, exploited by pretended friends of Miles, is that the President is afraid to send him to the Philippines, and afraid to make him a martyr by retiring him, lest he should become the Democratic candidate for President, and trouble, if not defeat the Republican party. There need not be the slightest apprehension on this score. The Democratic party will never nominate another military man, unless he is the hero of some great, recent war. It has had one, General McClellan, and the precedent is not encouraging. General Miles has no more chance of securing the Democratic nomination than the late Mr. Bryan. But he can pass the remaining years of his life most enjoyably and most usefully if he will discard all whims and caprices and do his duty as an American soldier."

### MARRIED IN METROPOLIS.

Good W. Senter and Georgie B. Robinson, a Kentucky couple, came down on the Cowling Monday evening and were married by Judge Liggett. They returned to Paducah on the Fowler. —Metropolis Herald.

## THE BODY FOUND.

Fulton Girl Probably Committed Suicide at Nashville.

Miss Henrietta Ligon's Remains found in a Pool on College Grounds.

The body of Miss Henrietta Ligon, the 15-year-old girl who disappeared last Thursday from Belmont college, Nashville, was found yesterday afternoon in a pool on the college grounds, and it is supposed she committed suicide because of her failure to hear from home, and a reproach administered by some one at the college.

Miss Ligon was a daughter of Mr. E. P. Ligon, one of the best known men of Fulton, and she was well liked by all who knew her. Her disappearance and the subsequent discovery of her body in the pool have created a great sensation at Fulton, where the remains will be taken for burial.

Yesterday's Fulton Leader said of the case:

"It seems the principal of Belmont college is in a measure to blame for the disappearance of Henrietta Ligon. She failed to see that the girl's letters to her parents were mailed. In fact, it is yet unexplained what became of the last seven letters that Henrietta wrote to her people here. Mr. Ligon wrote a letter to his daughter last Wednesday, and when he arrived in Nashville he called at the college Friday and asked the lady in charge where the letter was that he had written his daughter two days before. The principal declared that no letter had been received at the college, but Mr. Ligon insisted that it must have reached the college on Thursday, and the teacher promised to investigate the matter fully that night and report to Mr. Ligon the next morning. When Mr. Ligon returned to the college the next morning the principal told him that she had found the letter, and handed it to him. It had been opened, and she could not explain satisfactorily by whom or when the letter had been opened. The letter had reached the college after the disappearance of the girl. Miss Ligon had not been entirely satisfied with the way she had been treated at the school, and failing to get letters from home she had no doubt brooded over the matter, and being nothing but a child, and among strangers and in trouble, may temporarily have lost her mind."

## POPULIST CONVENTION.

SEVERAL DELEGATES FROM THIS SECTION TO LEAVE TONIGHT.

The Allied party will begin a three days' national convention at Louisville tomorrow, and there will be quite a number of delegates in attendance. Those who are here today from this section to attend are: Will Graham, Sam Barnes, and John Young, of Marshall county, and Messrs. Sallee and Guthrie, of Grahamville, this county. Colonel Graham was formerly in the legislature, and will be leader of the delegation from this section. They will leave tonight.

ATTENDING PRISON COMMITTEE MEETING.

Frankfort, April 1.—Senator W. O. Coleman, of Henry, Representative Harry McDonald, of Louisville, C. M. Paynter, of Anderson, and G. Alston Holland, of Eminence, are here attending the regular monthly meeting of the prison committee.

What They Cabled About. St. John Broderick, the British secretary for war, recently threw an interesting side light on military character. He said that when the cable companies with which he is associated offered reduced rates for telegraphic communication between wounded officers in Africa and their friends at home many officers took advantage of the generous offer. But in the first twenty cables from officers nothing whatever was said of their condition, and the senders contented themselves with asking the odds on the Derby.

## THE COW QUESTION.

It Will Probably be Brought Before The General Council.

A Joke Played on Councilman Potter at the Central Fire Station.

The cow question will in all probability come up again before summer. The ladies of the Civic Federation are not satisfied with the position taken by the common council, and now that there are two boards, and on both some very public spirited, progressive men, they believe there is another chance to get a stock ordinance through and enable the people to have flowers this summer, and insure a city free from cows.

In summer time the cows are a thick on the streets that often whistles of them lay under the electric lights, in the middle of the street at night and sleep.

There is not a day that street cars and even railroads trains do not have to stop to let the cows get off the track, and even the fire department has very often been compelled to endanger the lives of firemen by making quick turns to avoid a collision with cows.

The cows would look bad enough, even if they were not a general nuisance when turned loose to roam the streets at will.

Speaking of cows, a good joke is told on Councilman Joe Potter, the ordained protector and champion of the local bovine population, whose eloquent speech defending the cow is yet remembered by members of the council.

The other day Councilman Potter was sitting in the rear of the fire department reading, when a tramp came in. The tramp had been working about the place for a pair of old shoes, and as he started to leave he was called and informed by some of the firemen that the gentleman in the rear was a prominent stock raiser, and had cows to burn. He probably wanted a man to assist him in feeding his large assortment of animals, and the tramp was told he could without doubt get a job.

Deferentially he approached the supposed cow owner, and taking off his hat said: "Boss, I'm something of a cow man myself, and I guess I've had about as much experience with 'em ez ye. Ef ye kin gimme a job feedin' them cows o' yours, I'll promise ye I kin do it ez well ez any one ye ever had."

Councilman Potter looked piously at the tramp, folded up his paper, and never deigning to even glance around at the smiling firemen, silently disappeared out the back door.

## DRAWING PLANS.

THE NEW TELEPHONE SYSTEM TO BE DESIGNED BY JONES AND WINTERS.

The plans and specifications for the People's Telephone company are being prepared by Jones and Winters, the electrical engineers to whom the contract for the system was let. This will require several weeks it is thought, and when finished the sub-contracts will be let and the work proper on the system begun.

The drawings will be difficult to make and will require much patience and skill and therefore time. The solicitors for the new concern have been working steadily for the past three weeks and have secured a large number of subscribers for a starter.

### ANOTHER COKE FIEND DEAD.

Larina Coats, a negro residing in a small "shack" near the sewerage pumping station on North Third street, was found dead in bed yesterday afternoon by parties living near her. Coroner Peal was notified of the find and this morning an inquest was held returning a verdict to the effect that the woman met her death from the use of cocaine to excess. The woman was a confirmed cocaine fiend and was always full of the drug.

## A Timely Loan.

BY EVA WILLIAMS MALONE.

(Copyright, 1902, by Daily Story Pub. Co.) Two grizzled Confederate veterans sat in the corridor of a Memphis hotel, turning again the pages of that Book of the Past, where soldiers love to linger.

"Love and war?—why not?" said the captain; "the two are indissolubly wedded. There's something about a soldier's life that makes love a necessity. Many a time and oft I've heard my general say that the men without sweethearts or wives were easier to whip and easier to kill than the fellows who were tethered to life by a good strong affection. Why, man alive! I've heard the echo of 'Take Your Gun and Go, John,' so loud above the noise of shrapnel that I could have sworn it was the real thing; and when I went into battle it was of her I thought, and of what she would say!"

"Who was she? Where was she?" asked the comrade with a quizzical smile.

"Who was she? Why, she was Virginia, various persons, according to the location of my command. Once she was a dreamy Vicksburg aristocrat—blue blood to her finger tips; then she shifted and became 'The Merriest Girl That's Out' up in Maury county, Tenn. After that, she somehow got to be a Virginia girl—but that's a long tale and goes deep."

"The deeper the better; fire away," And the veteran settled himself contentedly to listen.

"Well, you see," continued the captain, "we had moved on to Petersburg and were hoping—but what's the use of saying anything about our hopes?"

"Skip 'em!" said the other with a sigh that showed the kindred soul; "a Confederate's hopes—in war, not love, you understand—are things a fellow must learn to forget. But when Cupid was afield, that's another matter. You were near Petersburg?"

"Yes, but hang it all, so were the Yankees, and getting nearer every day. We all felt that a battle was imminent; and were waiting to see just what turn to take. We filled in the time of waiting—why should we not?—by getting acquainted with some of Virginia's fair daughters. Know anything about those Virginia women?"

"The captain paused as if the answer to this question gave the clue to what was to follow.

"My wife's a Virginian," the other answered succinctly.

"She is? Oh, well, then, explanations and amplification are unnecessary. You can easily understand that crossing the Appomattox at night and being shot at occasionally by Yankee pickets was the jolliest sort of fun when the smile of a pretty Virginia girl was the reward."

"Only one!" asked the comrade, incredulously.

"For me—only one! There were others, a sister and a lot of cousins. You know how the woman folks congregated in the big Southern homes in those perilous days. But soon Miss Gladys was, for me, the inevitable 'She.' The others simply didn't exist. Col. Bascom, her father, was a wealthy tobacco planter; and I don't need to tell you just what sort of welcome we ragged rebels got in those old homes at that time. We were all comrades to the men and heroes to the women. That accounts for the luck some of us had."

"For instance?" tentatively suggested his friend.

"Now don't try to hurry a fellow—it's good to go over those days, and, like rare old wine, one loves to sip it leisurely. But Miss Gladys! You should have seen her!"

"Skip it!" interjected the other. "I've traveled the road, and they all look alike at that period. Angel? Yes, that's all right. Had you proposed?"

"No, I hadn't. I was just in that blissful borderland where anything so tangible as a proposal seems sacrilege."

"Love and war? Why not?" I think I must have meant to, if I had stopped to ask myself what I really did mean. Well, matters were at this blissful state; Col. Bascom telling the boys they were welcome whenever they chose to come, and the girls, not

telling them so in words, but making them feel in a thousand delicate little ways."

"I've felt 'em," said the other dryly. "Now, see here, old fellow, if you don't quit putting in, you are going to miss General Gordon's speech this evening, for I'm billed to finish this yarn before we get up from here. Where was I?"

"With Miss Gladys, I presume."

"Yes, I remember, the night the Yanks came in on us. We were all in the parlor—Lieutenant Preston, Chalmers and a lot of us boys. Gladys was looking so perfectly ravishing, if she did wear a homespun dress, that I'd been plotting for an hour to get her out on the veranda to myself. Just as I had succeeded, and was in the seventh heaven, my dream of bliss was rudely disturbed by Pete, Col. Bascom's body servant, rushing across the lawn and crying out:

"'Gitt in de house, Miss Gladys, fuh de Lawd's sake! De Yankees am a comin'!"

"I hadn't said a word that would blind Gladys to me, or me to her; and this was no time for wordy proposals. I jerked out my watch, a handsome diamond-studded gift from my mother, and slipped it in her hand. 'If I am killed it is yours—if I live it is ours,' and, without another word, I mounted my horse, as did the others. We escaped and made our way to our commands across the Appomattox. You know the story of the days that followed. Petersburg fell, Richmond fell, Lee capitulated—and the end."

The two comrades seemed looking backward through the mist of years—involuntarily they grasped each other's hands for an instant; then the speaker went on:

"Before I started, penniless and almost naked, to my Tennessee home, I



"De Yankees am comin'!" went to Col. Bascom's and found it a ruin. The house had been burned, the family and slaves were scattered, and I tried in vain to get some trace of them. It was rough lines; but what could a fellow do?"

"Swallow it," suggested his comrade. "Yes, swallow it; as we did the rest and try to remember that we were men and—Confederates. I went back to Tennessee, and worked to build up my law practice. I wrote to Gladys, to Col. Bascom, for I was hard hit, old man; but I couldn't hear a word. A couple of years later, some law business called me to Philadelphia. I went by way of Petersburg."

His companion cleared his throat ominously; but the speaker took no notice.

"I had done my best to make myself forget that Virginia girl; but somehow her image wouldn't fade like the others had. I don't know whether I meant to make another effort to hunt her up or not. I know something seemed to draw me to Petersburg. And, would you believe it, the very first man I met as I started out of the depot was Col. Bascom. A trifle grayer, a little more careworn, but the same genial gentleman."

"'Bless me!' he cried, almost squeezing my hands off, 'is it really you, captain? We heard you were killed in the fighting around Petersburg. Dear me! How glad I am to see you. But, wait a minute; I'm looking for Gladys. Did you see anything of her on your train? I came to meet her.'"

"Of course, I hadn't seen her! Just then someone touched me very gently on the arm and a voice—that voice—said with a note that was between a laugh and a tear:

"'Capt. Williamson, allow me to return your watch!' And I knew in a minute that I hadn't forgotten—that I couldn't forget."

An ineffable look came into the veteran's face, and he paused.

"Well?" suggested the listener, rather impatiently.

"What is there to well about? It's time to hear old Gordon. There comes my wife to remind me of the fact. Gladys, my dear, this is my old comrade, Lieutenant McEwen; and he would like for you to tell him the time of day."

By that same token she knew that the veterans had been diving into the past; and that the captain's love-story had come to the fore.



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